

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(E)-2-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzylidene]-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-oneAng Chee Wei,^a Mohamed Ashraf Ali,^a Tan Soo Choon,^a Ibrahim Abdul Razak^{b*} and Suhana Arshad^b^aInstitute for Research in Molecular Medicine, Universiti Sains Malaysia, Minden 11800, Penang, Malaysia, and ^bSchool of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia

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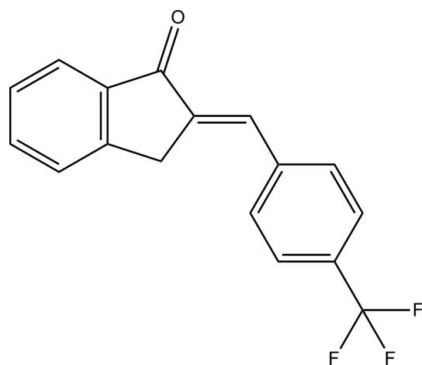
Received 17 January 2012; accepted 25 January 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.129; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.0.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{11}\text{F}_3\text{O}$, the indan ring system and the trifluoromethyl-substituted benzene ring are approximately individually planar and form a dihedral angle of $1.81(5)^\circ$ with each other. In the crystal, molecules are linked by pairs of weak bifurcated $(\text{C}-\text{H})_2 \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds to form centrosymmetric dimers, generating $R_2^2(6)$ and $R_2^2(10)$ ring motifs. These dimers are connected by further weak $\text{C}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds into one-dimensional chains along the b axis. Weak $\text{C}-\text{H} \cdots \pi$ interactions are also present.

Related literature

For the biological activity of chalcone compounds, see: Gurubasavaraja Swamy & Agasimundin (2008); Shibata (1994); Charris *et al.* (2007); Sharma *et al.* (2009). For related structures, see: Ali *et al.* (2011*a,b,c*). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For the stability of the temperature controller used for data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



* Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5599-2009.

Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{11}\text{F}_3\text{O}$
 $M_r = 288.26$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 15.6546(13)$ Å
 $b = 6.2050(6)$ Å
 $c = 14.6546(13)$ Å
 $\beta = 113.774(2)^\circ$
 $V = 1302.7(2)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.12$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.40 \times 0.18 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.954$, $T_{\max} = 0.988$
 10643 measured reflections
 3804 independent reflections
 3033 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.129$
 $S = 1.06$
 3804 reflections
 190 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.55$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C2–C7 and C11–C16 rings, respectively.

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{C1}-\text{H1B} \cdots \text{O1}^i$	0.99	2.45	3.2713 (17)	140
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A} \cdots \text{O1}^{ii}$	0.95	2.54	3.3566 (17)	144
$\text{C12}-\text{H12A} \cdots \text{O1}^{ii}$	0.95	2.45	3.2765 (17)	146
$\text{C15}-\text{H15A} \cdots \text{Cg1}^{iii}$	0.95	2.78	3.5163 (14)	135
$\text{C3}-\text{H3A} \cdots \text{Cg2}^{iii}$	0.95	2.81	3.5035 (15)	130

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z + 1$; (iii) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for Research University grants Nos. 1001/PFIZIK/811151 and 1001/PSK/8620012. The authors are also grateful to Pharmacogenetic and Novel Therapeutic Research, Institute for Research in Molecular Medicine, Universiti Sains Malaysia.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5408).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o545-o546 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812003157]

(E)-2-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzylidene]-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one

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Comment

Chalcones are an important group of natural products and many of these compounds possess various biological activities including antibacterial (Gurubasavaraja Swamy & Agasimundin, 2008), antitumor (Shibata, 1994), antimalarial (Charris *et al.*, 2007) and antitubercular (Sharma *et al.*, 2009). Indanones have been studied extensively as they are very useful intermediates for the synthesis of heterocyclic compounds. As part of our ongoing search to discover novel indanone related compounds (Ali *et al.*, 2011a,b) our group has synthesized the title compound as described below.

In the molecular structure (Fig 1), the 2,3-dihydro-1H-indene ring system (C1–C9) and the benzene ring (C11–C16) are approximately planar with a dihedral angle of 1.81 (5)° between them. The bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges and comparable to the related structure (Ali *et al.*, 2011c).

The crystal packing is shown in Fig. 2. The molecules are linked by intermolecular C1—H1B···O1ⁱ, C10—H10A···O1ⁱⁱ and C12—H12A···O1ⁱⁱⁱ interactions (Table 1) to form dimers, generating $R^1_2(6)$ and $R^2_2(10)$ ring motifs (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). Furthermore, these sets of ring motifs are connected into one-dimensional chains along the *b*-axis. In addition, the crystal structure is further stabilized by weak intermolecular C15—H15A···Cg1ⁱⁱⁱ and C3—H3A···Cg2ⁱⁱⁱ (Table 1) interactions (Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of C2–C7 and C11–C16 rings, respectively).

Experimental

A mixture of 2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-1-one (0.001 mol) and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde (0.001 mol) were dissolved in ethanolic sodium hydroxide solution (15 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 5 h. After completion of the reaction as evident from TLC, the mixture was poured into crushed ice then neutralized with concentrated HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol to reveal the title compound as yellow crystals.

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically [C—H = 0.95 and 0.99 Å] and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. Two outliers were omitted for the final refinement, 3 4 4 and 3 4 3.

Figures

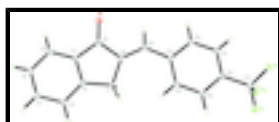


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

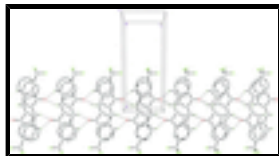


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound. The H atoms not involved in the intermolecular interactions (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

(E)-2-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzylidene]-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one

Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{11}F_3O$	$F(000) = 592$
$M_r = 288.26$	$D_x = 1.470 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 3626 reflections
$a = 15.6546 (13) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.8\text{--}30.1^\circ$
$b = 6.2050 (6) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 14.6546 (13) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 100 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 113.774 (2)^\circ$	Plate, colourless
$V = 1302.7 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.40 \times 0.18 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer	3804 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	3033 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.954$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.988$	$h = -21 \rightarrow 22$
10643 measured reflections	$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.129$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.06$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0567P)^2 + 0.6847P]$
3804 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
190 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.55 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	-0.41885 (6)	0.88298 (16)	0.17877 (8)	0.0335 (2)
F2	-0.47050 (6)	0.62598 (19)	0.23994 (8)	0.0392 (3)
F3	-0.45949 (7)	0.5856 (2)	0.09945 (8)	0.0450 (3)
O1	0.11757 (7)	0.05902 (17)	0.48959 (8)	0.0225 (2)
C1	0.07259 (8)	0.5913 (2)	0.37708 (10)	0.0170 (3)
H1A	0.0478	0.6137	0.3041	0.020*
H1B	0.0544	0.7149	0.4081	0.020*
C2	0.17752 (8)	0.5624 (2)	0.42083 (9)	0.0158 (2)
C3	0.24539 (9)	0.7074 (2)	0.42066 (10)	0.0192 (3)
H3A	0.2285	0.8445	0.3897	0.023*
C4	0.33894 (9)	0.6456 (3)	0.46729 (10)	0.0221 (3)
H4A	0.3861	0.7427	0.4680	0.026*
C5	0.36474 (9)	0.4440 (3)	0.51297 (10)	0.0215 (3)
H5A	0.4289	0.4062	0.5440	0.026*
C6	0.29734 (9)	0.2987 (2)	0.51332 (9)	0.0187 (3)
H6A	0.3141	0.1614	0.5441	0.022*
C7	0.20371 (8)	0.3623 (2)	0.46647 (9)	0.0154 (2)
C8	0.12026 (8)	0.2400 (2)	0.45815 (9)	0.0166 (3)
C9	0.03802 (8)	0.3802 (2)	0.40223 (9)	0.0163 (2)
C10	-0.04785 (8)	0.3083 (2)	0.38672 (9)	0.0167 (2)
H10A	-0.0496	0.1677	0.4116	0.020*
C11	-0.13924 (8)	0.4128 (2)	0.33745 (9)	0.0164 (2)
C12	-0.21766 (8)	0.2952 (2)	0.33344 (9)	0.0159 (2)
H12A	-0.2091	0.1570	0.3637	0.019*
C13	-0.30716 (8)	0.3780 (2)	0.28612 (9)	0.0173 (3)
H13A	-0.3595	0.2959	0.2829	0.021*
C14	-0.31963 (8)	0.5819 (2)	0.24335 (9)	0.0166 (3)
C15	-0.24327 (9)	0.7038 (2)	0.24696 (9)	0.0175 (3)
H15A	-0.2523	0.8430	0.2176	0.021*
C16	-0.15373 (9)	0.6189 (2)	0.29410 (10)	0.0182 (3)

supplementary materials

H16A	-0.1016	0.7016	0.2970	0.022*
C17	-0.41652 (9)	0.6688 (3)	0.19105 (10)	0.0219 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0274 (4)	0.0258 (5)	0.0519 (6)	0.0129 (4)	0.0208 (4)	0.0134 (5)
F2	0.0209 (4)	0.0532 (7)	0.0507 (6)	0.0122 (4)	0.0218 (4)	0.0260 (5)
F3	0.0284 (5)	0.0563 (8)	0.0316 (5)	0.0171 (5)	-0.0074 (4)	-0.0106 (5)
O1	0.0210 (4)	0.0179 (5)	0.0275 (5)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0086 (4)	0.0045 (4)
C1	0.0148 (5)	0.0169 (6)	0.0181 (5)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0055 (4)	0.0026 (5)
C2	0.0156 (5)	0.0179 (6)	0.0143 (5)	-0.0030 (5)	0.0065 (4)	-0.0011 (5)
C3	0.0192 (6)	0.0195 (7)	0.0196 (6)	-0.0044 (5)	0.0086 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C4	0.0177 (6)	0.0274 (8)	0.0227 (6)	-0.0077 (5)	0.0097 (5)	-0.0034 (6)
C5	0.0143 (5)	0.0296 (8)	0.0197 (6)	-0.0025 (5)	0.0061 (5)	-0.0029 (6)
C6	0.0161 (5)	0.0218 (7)	0.0175 (5)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0059 (4)	-0.0018 (5)
C7	0.0140 (5)	0.0178 (6)	0.0145 (5)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0059 (4)	-0.0015 (5)
C8	0.0145 (5)	0.0179 (6)	0.0162 (5)	-0.0016 (5)	0.0050 (4)	-0.0003 (5)
C9	0.0162 (5)	0.0154 (6)	0.0165 (5)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0059 (4)	-0.0002 (5)
C10	0.0159 (5)	0.0157 (6)	0.0176 (5)	0.0001 (5)	0.0059 (4)	-0.0002 (5)
C11	0.0141 (5)	0.0178 (6)	0.0155 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0042 (4)	0.0008 (5)
C12	0.0146 (5)	0.0157 (6)	0.0164 (5)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0053 (4)	0.0008 (5)
C13	0.0141 (5)	0.0194 (6)	0.0186 (6)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0069 (4)	0.0002 (5)
C14	0.0149 (5)	0.0191 (6)	0.0161 (5)	0.0032 (5)	0.0065 (4)	0.0002 (5)
C15	0.0185 (6)	0.0163 (6)	0.0176 (5)	0.0019 (5)	0.0071 (4)	0.0021 (5)
C16	0.0163 (5)	0.0180 (6)	0.0190 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0057 (4)	0.0023 (5)
C17	0.0174 (6)	0.0252 (7)	0.0236 (6)	0.0059 (5)	0.0088 (5)	0.0054 (6)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

F1—C17	1.3395 (18)	C6—H6A	0.9500
F2—C17	1.3365 (16)	C7—C8	1.4727 (17)
F3—C17	1.3391 (18)	C8—C9	1.4951 (18)
O1—C8	1.2211 (17)	C9—C10	1.3460 (17)
C1—C2	1.5141 (17)	C10—C11	1.4683 (17)
C1—C9	1.5180 (19)	C10—H10A	0.9500
C1—H1A	0.9900	C11—C16	1.4049 (19)
C1—H1B	0.9900	C11—C12	1.4090 (17)
C2—C7	1.3912 (19)	C12—C13	1.3871 (17)
C2—C3	1.3932 (18)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.3971 (19)	C13—C14	1.3907 (19)
C3—H3A	0.9500	C13—H13A	0.9500
C4—C5	1.399 (2)	C14—C15	1.3974 (18)
C4—H4A	0.9500	C14—C17	1.4972 (17)
C5—C6	1.3895 (19)	C15—C16	1.3926 (18)
C5—H5A	0.9500	C15—H15A	0.9500
C6—C7	1.4016 (17)	C16—H16A	0.9500
C2—C1—C9	103.13 (11)	C8—C9—C1	108.82 (10)

C2—C1—H1A	111.1	C9—C10—C11	130.19 (13)
C9—C1—H1A	111.1	C9—C10—H10A	114.9
C2—C1—H1B	111.1	C11—C10—H10A	114.9
C9—C1—H1B	111.1	C16—C11—C12	118.25 (11)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.1	C16—C11—C10	124.90 (11)
C7—C2—C3	120.00 (12)	C12—C11—C10	116.85 (12)
C7—C2—C1	111.62 (11)	C13—C12—C11	121.11 (12)
C3—C2—C1	128.37 (12)	C13—C12—H12A	119.4
C2—C3—C4	118.14 (13)	C11—C12—H12A	119.4
C2—C3—H3A	120.9	C12—C13—C14	119.48 (12)
C4—C3—H3A	120.9	C12—C13—H13A	120.3
C3—C4—C5	121.53 (13)	C14—C13—H13A	120.3
C3—C4—H4A	119.2	C13—C14—C15	120.86 (12)
C5—C4—H4A	119.2	C13—C14—C17	119.19 (12)
C6—C5—C4	120.58 (12)	C15—C14—C17	119.94 (12)
C6—C5—H5A	119.7	C16—C15—C14	119.25 (13)
C4—C5—H5A	119.7	C16—C15—H15A	120.4
C5—C6—C7	117.46 (13)	C14—C15—H15A	120.4
C5—C6—H6A	121.3	C15—C16—C11	121.03 (12)
C7—C6—H6A	121.3	C15—C16—H16A	119.5
C2—C7—C6	122.29 (12)	C11—C16—H16A	119.5
C2—C7—C8	109.90 (11)	F2—C17—F3	106.87 (13)
C6—C7—C8	127.81 (13)	F2—C17—F1	106.30 (12)
O1—C8—C7	127.37 (12)	F3—C17—F1	105.80 (12)
O1—C8—C9	126.09 (12)	F2—C17—C14	112.52 (11)
C7—C8—C9	106.53 (11)	F3—C17—C14	111.72 (12)
C10—C9—C8	118.70 (12)	F1—C17—C14	113.15 (12)
C10—C9—C1	132.43 (12)		
C9—C1—C2—C7	-0.08 (14)	C2—C1—C9—C8	0.30 (13)
C9—C1—C2—C3	-179.37 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11	178.11 (12)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.10 (19)	C1—C9—C10—C11	1.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	179.14 (13)	C9—C10—C11—C16	0.8 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-179.53 (13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (2)	C16—C11—C12—C13	1.41 (19)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.02 (19)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-178.26 (12)
C3—C2—C7—C6	0.01 (19)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-1.11 (19)
C1—C2—C7—C6	-179.36 (12)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.38 (19)
C3—C2—C7—C8	179.18 (11)	C12—C13—C14—C17	179.09 (12)
C1—C2—C7—C8	-0.18 (15)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.01 (19)
C5—C6—C7—C2	0.03 (19)	C17—C14—C15—C16	-178.69 (12)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.99 (12)	C14—C15—C16—C11	0.3 (2)
C2—C7—C8—O1	179.80 (13)	C12—C11—C16—C15	-1.01 (19)
C6—C7—C8—O1	-1.1 (2)	C10—C11—C16—C15	178.63 (12)
C2—C7—C8—C9	0.36 (14)	C13—C14—C17—F2	41.38 (18)
C6—C7—C8—C9	179.48 (12)	C15—C14—C17—F2	-139.90 (14)
O1—C8—C9—C10	2.5 (2)	C13—C14—C17—F3	-78.84 (16)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-178.09 (11)	C15—C14—C17—F3	99.88 (16)
O1—C8—C9—C1	-179.86 (13)	C13—C14—C17—F1	161.88 (12)
C7—C8—C9—C1	-0.41 (14)	C15—C14—C17—F1	-19.40 (18)

supplementary materials

C2—C1—C9—C10

177.55 (14)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C2–C7 and C11–C16 rings, respectively.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C1—H1B \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.99	2.45	3.2713 (17)	140.
C10—H10A \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.54	3.3566 (17)	144.
C12—H12A \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.45	3.2765 (17)	146.
C15—H15A \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.78	3.5163 (14)	135.
C3—H3A \cdots Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.81	3.5035 (15)	130.

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y+1, z$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (iii) $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$.

Fig. 1

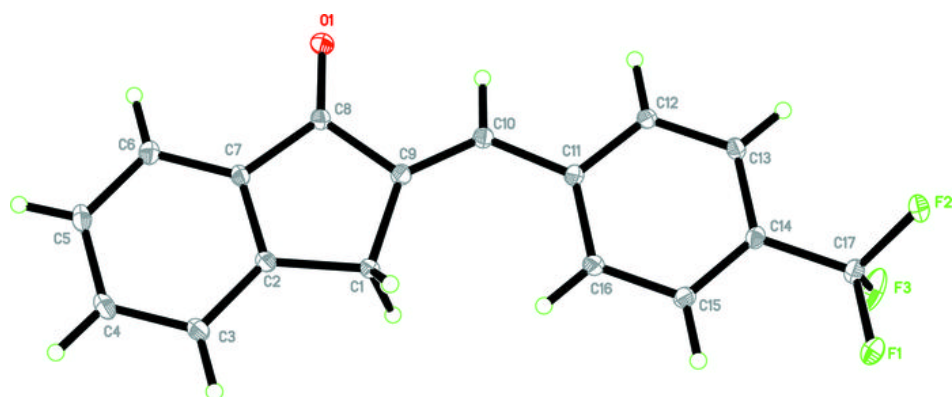


Fig. 2

